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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/001,439	10/25/2001	Bill H. McAnalley	013258.0294	2421
27683 7590 01/19/2007 HAYNES AND BOONE, LLP			EXAMINER	
901 MAIN ST	REET, SUITE 3100		HOFFMAN, SUSAN COE	
DALLAS, TX	73202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1655	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MC	NTHS	01/19/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/001,439	MCANALLEY, BILL H.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Susan Coe Hoffman	1655				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 No	ovember 2006.					
· <u> </u>	, -					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,8-17,19 and 28-38</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>28-38</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,8-17 and 19</u> is/are rejected.					
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Drianity under 25 H.S.C. \$ 440		,				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 	have been received.					
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application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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Attachment(s)	,, 					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					
Patent and Trademark Office						

Art Unit: 1655

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. The amendment filed November 22, 2006, has been received and entered.
- 2. Claims 28-38 have been added.
- 3. Claims 1, 8-17, 19 and 28-38 are pending.
- 4. The declaration of Dr. Bill McAnalley has been received and considered.

Election/Restrictions

5. Newly submitted claims 28-28 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons:

Claims 28-38 and claims 1, 8-17 and 19 are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the addition of saccharides to the composition does not make the claims patentable over the prior art. Furthermore, the use of a partially closed claim construction can make the combination patentable over the subcombination. The subcombination has separate utility such as using essential saccharides as found in aloe vera to treat wounds.

The examiner has required restriction between combination and subcombination inventions. Where applicant elects a subcombination, and claims thereto are subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104.

Art Unit: 1655

See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 28-38 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

6. Claims 1, 8-17, and 19 are examined on the merits.

Specification

The incorporation of essential material in the specification by reference to an unpublished U.S. application, foreign application or patent, or to a publication is improper. Applicant is required to amend the disclosure to include the material incorporated by reference, if the material is relied upon to overcome any objection, rejection, or other requirement imposed by the Office. The amendment must be accompanied by a statement executed by the applicant, or a practitioner representing the applicant, stating that the material being inserted is the material previously incorporated by reference and that the amendment contains no new matter. 37 CFR 1.57(f).

Applicant's amendment is considered to necessitate this objection. Applicant has amended the claims to recite that six or more essential saccharides are used in the composition. Applicant argues that the support for this amendment is found in WO 98/06418 which is incorporated by reference into paragraph 58 of the specification. Thus, WO '418 is clearly

Art Unit: 1655

providing essential subject matter. Therefore, the specification is objected to because it is improper to incorporate essential subject matter using a foreign document.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

8. Claims 1, 8-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Applicant has amended the claims to recite that six or more essential saccharides are used in the composition. Applicant argues that the support for this amendment is found in WO 98/06418 which is incorporated by reference into paragraph 58 of the specification. However, it is improper to incorporate foreign documents by reference into the specification. Thus, this document cannot be relied on to support an amendment to the claims. Therefore, the amendment to state that six or more essential saccharides are present is improper.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Art Unit: 1655

Claims 13 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- 9. Claim 13 is indefinite because there is a lack of antecedent basis for "said citric acid."

 The parent claims do not claim citric acid.
- 10. Claim 19 is indefinite because there is a lack of antecedent basis for "the complex of essential saccharides." The parent claim does not claim a complex of saccharides.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 1, 8-17, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Pat. No. 5,576,015, US Pat. No. 5,531,989, and WO 97/05884 for the reasons set forth in the BPAI decision of September 22, 2006.

All of applicant arguments regarding this ground of rejection have been fully considered but are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the declaration of Dr. McAnalley supports the patentability of the claimed composition over this rejection. The declaration argues that even though the prior art references of record have been available, no product as claimed was available until the present composition was invented. Applicant argues that since the references are more than five years old, the present invention is clearly fulfilling a long felt need. In

Application/Control Number: 10/001,439 Page 6

Art Unit: 1655

response to applicant's argument based upon the age of the references, contentions that the reference patents are old are not impressive absent a showing that the art tried and failed to solve the same problem notwithstanding its presumed knowledge of the references. See *In re Wright*, 569 F.2d 1124, 193 USPQ 332 (CCPA 1977). Applicant has not clearly demonstrated that the artisans of ordinary in the art have tried and failed to solve the same problems addressed by the applicant (see MPEP section 716.04).

Applicant also argues that the claimed composition is patentable over the prior art because the claimed product has enjoyed commercial success. Applicant argues that the commercial success demonstrates that customers have compared the claimed product to the available options and decided that the claimed product is superior. However, to show commercial success of a product, applicant must demonstrate that there is a nexus between the claimed invention and any commercial success. Applicant has not demonstrated any such nexus. Furthermore, applicant has not demonstrated that commercial success stems from the claimed invention and not from heavy advertising or promotion. Applicant has not shown the state of the market for the claimed product. Thus, it is not clear if the product is patentable based on a claim for commercial success (see MPEP section 716.03).

The claims have been amended to recite that the composition contains six or more essential saccharides. Claim 19 states that the saccharides can be provide in forms of guar gum which is an ingredient in the prior art composition. The guar gum in the prior art would contain six or more essential saccharides as claimed by applicant.

12. No claims are allowed.

Art Unit: 1655

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Susan Coe Hoffman whose telephone number is (571) 272-0963. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 9:30-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terry McKelvey can be reached on (571) 272-0775. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

Application/Control Number: 10/001,439 Page 8

Art Unit: 1655 .

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 57 1/2-272-1000.

Susan Coe Hoffman Primary Examiner Art Unit 1655